

# The Newport Mercury

VOL. LXXXI.  
No. 4,191.

NEWPORT, SATURDAY, AUGUST 20, 1842.

Established  
A. D. 1758

## THE Newport Mercury

IS PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY

J. H. BARBER.

No. 133, Thames Street.

Terms—Two Dollars per annum.

Advertisements not exceeding a square inserted three weeks for \$1, and 17 cents will be charged for each subsequent insertion.—All Advertisements (except where an account is open) must be paid for previous to insertion.

No Paper discontinued (unless at the discretion of the Editor) until arrearages are paid.

Single papers SIX CENTS, to be had at the Office.

### NEW MUSIC

For the Piano Forte.

JUST RECEIVED, and for sale  
ANOTHER LOT, at the Con-  
fectionary and Variety Store of  
T. STACY JR.

March 12.

### Harvey Sessions

HAS a complete assortment of  
GOODS, and is weekly receiv-  
ing spring articles from New York, all  
of which he will sell for CASH, or ap-  
proved credit, as cheap as any-flying or  
sitting bird in the town.

April 9.

### NEWPORT

### DYE-HOUSE.

John H. Clegg

SILK, COTTON, and WOLLEN DYER.

WOULD respectfully inform his  
friends and the public, that he  
has taken the DYE HOUSE, formerly oc-  
cupied by J. Viner, situated in Tanner  
street, where he is prepared to dye and  
finish at 10 days notice in the best man-  
ner, the following articles, viz:

Broadcloths, Silks,  
Cassimeres, Crapes,  
Merinos, Sattins,  
Circassians, Pongees,  
Bombazines, Hosiery  
Gloves, &c. &c.

Also, permanent colors on carpet yarns,  
merino, circassian, bombazine, and crape  
dresses; gentlemen's woolen garments,  
such as dress, frock and great coats, sur-  
touts, vests, and pantaloons—died and pressed  
without ripping.

He will also clean gentlemen's woolen  
garments of every description, in a neat  
style—merino and Cashmere shawls—cleaned  
and whitened, without injury to the bor-  
der—carpets and woolen table cloths cleaned  
also.

All articles left at the Dye House in  
Tanner Street, or the following Agents  
will receive prompt attention.—Mrs. Ann  
M. Eddy, next north of the Perry  
Factory. A. M. Thomas, Wickford, John  
Hedley, Portsmouth.

February 19, 1842.

### DANCING SCHOOL,

Cotillions, Waltzing, Gallopedes &c.

AT MASONIC HALL.

THE subscriber respectively gives  
notice that his School for Instruc-  
tion in the polite accomplishment of DAN-  
CING, was opened at Masonic Hall, on  
Tuesday May 10th, and will be held on  
Tuesday and Wednesday afternoons and  
evenings. Hours for Misses and Masters  
from 2 to 5 P. M. for Gentlemen from  
7 to 10. Terms \$6 for 24 lessons.

Scholars' names may be left at Town-  
send's Hotel. D. T. CAPRON.

April 23.

### A FRESH LOT OF

TOYS, &c., &c. &c.

And the greatest variety ever  
offered.

Just received and for sale, at wholesale  
and retail at the VARIETY & CON-  
FECTIONARY STORE of  
T. STACY JR.

next south of Mr. James Hammond's  
Dry Goods Store, [Jan. 22]

### ICE CREAM ROOMS.

THE subscriber respectfully gives notice  
that he has in connection with his  
Confectionary & Variety store, 5 Rooms,  
neatly fitted up for the accommodation of  
ladies and gentlemen, who may wish to re-  
fresh themselves with Ice Creams, Water  
Ices, and other refreshments generally kept  
at such an establishment.

June 11. T. STACY JR.

Just Received per Steamer Cleopatra,

A variety of DRY GOODS which  
will be sold at prices to suit the  
times. J. M. COOK & CO.

July 2.]

### Dry Goods, &c.

#### MUSLIN DE LAINES, CRAVATS, &c.

This day opening by  
WM. C. COZZENS & CO.

April 16.

#### Canton Matting.

A Large Lot, all widths, just opened  
by WM. C. COZZENS & Co

April 19.

#### Coddington Prints.

1 CASE 4-4 Coddington Calico of the  
Spring Pattern, just opened by  
WM. C. COZZENS & CO.

April 30.

#### SHAWLS.

JUST received from New York,  
Satin striped, bordered and plain  
Mouseline de Laine Shawls, for sale at  
No 132 by J. M. COOK & Co.

June 4.

#### GINGHAMS.

RECEIVED per steamer Cleopatra,  
Mouseline de Laine, good, for 18 per  
yard; Earlston Gingham, good, and war-  
ranted colors for 18; with a variety of other  
Fancy and Stable Dry Goods, at very  
low Prices.

J. M. COOK, & CO.

April 23.

#### GAMBROONS.

DARK mixed, light mixed, & check-  
ed Gambroons, just received and for  
sale at very low prices, at No. 132, by  
June 11.] J. M. COOK & Co.

NEW style Marseilles Skirts—do. do.  
Marseilles Quilts,—very handsome  
and cheap, just received by  
WM. C. COZZENS & CO.

#### H. SESSIONS.

Has Just opened the following articles  
viz:

New style Ribbons and Scarfs,  
Rich Mouseline de Laine, Saxony's,  
A A Merinos of elegant shades,  
Plain E de Laine, ditto,  
Roslin Plaids free from cotton,  
Printed Orleans Cloths & Cashmeres,  
Plain Black M de Laine, extra quality.  
Figured Alpines, jet and black black do  
Black Thibet Cloth dark Gingham,  
Rich English & French Prints,  
Gloves, Handkerchiefs &c.  
Selected with care and for sale at low  
prices. Sept. 25.

#### RICH TUFTED RUGS.

25 Tufted Rugs, of elegant pat-  
terns and superior quality, bought  
at auction in New York, last week, and  
for sale at about half price, by  
WM. C. COZZENS & CO.

May 14.

#### VERY CHEAP

#### Carpeting.

32 ROLLS

This day opened by

WM. C. COZZENS, & CO.

N. B. They will be sold as cheap as  
any in this town or elsewhere.

April 16.

#### Just Received.

At No. 132.

#### OILED SILK.

BLACK FRENCH CRAPE.

by J. M. COOK & Co.

July 23

#### For Sale Low.

150 Bbls of first quality Philadel-  
phia City Mills FLOUR, 30 Hhds of  
Molasses. GILBERT CHASE.

July 23.

Those having demands against the  
brig Octavia must present them forthwith.

#### Mill-street Academy.

THE subscriber, respectfully tender-  
ing his thanks to the friends and  
patrons of this School, for the repeated  
proofs he has received of their favor,  
would inform them that the next term  
commenced on Monday, 18th of July,  
to continue 12 weeks.

Tuition in English Branches. \$6.  
do. " " & languages, \$8.  
Stationary will be furnished for a trifling  
sum if required.

No deduction will be made for absence,  
except in case of sickness.

J. S. GAY, Preceptor.

N. B. This school is adapted to young  
ladies or gentlemen who may wish to  
pursue any of the branches usually taught  
in similar institutions. Particular atten-  
tion will be paid to such as may wish to  
fit themselves for teachers or to enter  
college. Also instruction given in Alge-  
bra, Geometry, Surveying, Navigation,  
&c, either in school or at such times as  
may be convenient.

### Houses to Let.

#### TO LET.

and possession given immediately.  
THE lower part of the House  
in Spring Street, formerly oc-  
cupied by Mrs. Gamell. Apply  
to  
PETER P. REMINGTON.  
Newport, July 16.

#### TO LET.

and possession given immediately.  
THE Dwelling house at the  
south part of Thames street,  
formerly the residence of the  
late Capt. John Cahoon. For  
terms apply to  
HENRY J. HUDSON.  
Newport July 16.

#### TO LET.

THAT pleasantly situ-  
ated HOUSE in Franklin street,  
next west of Dr. T. Dunn's.—The  
House is in complete repair; has a large  
garden, a well of excellent water, with a  
pump in the wash room; a large grass  
plot in front of the house, and it is a  
very pleasant residence for a genteel fam-  
ily.—Also, Several small Tenements,  
and immediate possession given.—For  
terms, &c. apply to  
ROBINSON POTTER.

Newport May 1.

#### A Furnished House to Let

THE Subscriber is author-  
ized to let, for the year  
or season, the House on  
Ochre Point, one mile from  
the State House in Newport, the prop-  
erty of William B. Lawrence, Esq. This  
house is large and new, and sufficiently  
furnished for the accommodation of a  
large family: The lessee will be entitled  
to vegetables from the garden, which  
with the grounds around the house will  
be cultivated and kept in order by the  
tenant on the farm.

RICHARD K. RANDOLPH.  
April 16.

#### TO LET.

THAT pleasant and com-  
modious Dwelling  
House, in Washington street,  
owned and formerly occupied,  
by Hon. Wm. Hunter.—The Estate is  
in excellent repair and has been occupied  
for the last five years by Miss Goff as a  
Boarding-House.—It has a large yard,  
garage, and an unfailing well of water.  
It will be Let for One or more years.—  
For terms, &c. apply to  
BENJAMIN FINCH.  
Newport, March 13.

#### TO LET

And Immediate Possession given.

THE HOUSE at the north end of  
Thames Street, adjoining the  
House of Wm. Stevens.

#### ALSO

A House in Middletown, on the Farm of  
the subscriber, pleasantly situated on the  
West Road. For terms apply to  
STEPHEN T. NORTHAM.

April 16,

#### Cottage to let, near Newport

R. I.

To Let for the season, the well  
known Cottage which has  
for several years been known as  
the Angell Cottage, amply furnished, and  
recently put in complete order for im-  
mediate occupation. It is about half an  
hour's ride from Newport, either over the  
beaches, or a back road through a fine  
country. There is a first rate stable, car-  
riage-house, and a garden stocked with  
every variety of summer vegetables in  
first rate order. For particulars apply  
to PETER P. REMINGTON, at New-  
port, or to  
A. B. DIKE,  
No 12, South Main street, Providence.  
June 25—3w.

#### TO LET.

And immediate Possession given,  
AN UPPER TENEMENT, con-  
sisting of 5 rooms, in the House in  
East Touro Street, directly opposite the  
Redwood Library. Enquire at this  
Office,  
Newport March 26, 1842. tf.

#### Administrator's Notice.

THE subscriber having been appoin-  
ted by the Hon. Court of Probate  
of the town of Newport, administrator  
on the estate of

MARY H. EASTON,

single woman, late of Newport, dec., re-  
quests all persons having demands against  
said estate, to present them for settle-  
ment, and all those indebted to make im-  
mediate payment to  
PETER P. REMINGTON, Adm'r.

### Metorological Diary

FOR JULY, 1842.

Thermom.	WINDS.	GENERAL ASPECT OF THE WEATHER.
1 60 76 70	SW	Cloudy Cloudy Cloudy
2 65 78 68	SW	Fog Clear Fog
3 62 77 68	SW	Fog Clear Fog
4 60 76 68	SW	Rain Cloudy Cloudy
5 62 74 68	SW	Rain Cloudy Cloudy
6 62 70 64	SW	Rain Cloudy Rain
7 60 74 66	E NE	Clear Clear Clear
8 64 75 70	SW	Cloudy Rain Cloudy
9 65 77 70	SW	Cloudy Cloudy Rain
10 64 76 64	SW	Cloudy Clear Clear
11 67 78 72	SW	Clear Clear Clear
12 68 76 68	NE SW	Clear Clear Clear
13 67 76 68	SW	Clear Clear Clear
14 67 78 72	SW	Fog Clear Fog
15 70 82 74	SW	Fog Clear Fog
16 70 82 74	SW	Cloudy Clear Clear
17 70 82 74	SW	Clear Clear Clear
18 68 80 74	SW	Fog Clear Clear
19 70 80 74	SW	Fog Clear Clear
20 68 76 70	SW	Thunder & Rain Clear
21 62 74 68	NW	Clear and pleasant
22 66 76 70	SW	Clear Clear Clear
23 66 76 70	SW	Clear Clear Clear
24 68 76 70	SW	Clear Thunder & Rain
25 64 76 70	NW SW	Clear Clear Clear
26 70 80 74	SW	Cloudy Clear Clear
27 70 80 74	SW	Clear Thunder & Rain
28 68 76 72	SW	Clear Clear Cloudy
29 70 78 74	SE	Cloudy all day
30 70 80 94	SW	Clear Clear Clear
31 70 78 68	SW NE	Clear Cloudy Rain

Quantity of Rain 2 8-100ths.

Mean average of this Month, 69 90  
Mean do of July last Year, 70 60  
Mean do of July 1825, the warmest, 75 83  
July in last 25 years,  
Mean do of July 1832, the coolest, 65 74  
July in same time,

This Month has been very pleasant and our  
farmers have been enabled to get a large crop  
of hay in good order.

#### FOR SALE.

THE Dwelling-House and  
Lot of Land, pleasantly  
situated on Thames and corner  
of Bridge-streets, and now oc-  
cupied by Capt. Wm. Messer, and for-  
merly the residence of Mrs. F. Wood-  
man.—It has a large Garden, a store  
house, and a never failing well of water.  
For further particulars, enquire of  
JOHN STEVENS.  
Newport, March 6.

#### HOUSE FOR SALE.

The Subscriber offers  
for Sale, his House and Lot,  
situated in the central part of  
Broad street, occupied by  
F. Carr.—The House is a substantial,  
well built structure, two stories high, 35  
feet in length, by 30 in breadth with an  
addition to the rear also two stories, high,  
and 18 feet by 12 in dimension together  
with a wood house, rain water cistern,  
and a well of good water. The Lot is  
spacious, being 90 feet on Broad street,  
and running back upwards of 250 feet,  
and covered with a variety of fruit and  
ornamental trees.—The whole forms a  
most eligible residence for a private fam-  
ily, or may for a small amount be con-  
verted into a convenient Boarding House.  
WM. G. HAMMOND.

#### HOUSE FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE No. 223, in  
Thames street, corner of  
Sanford street, lately repaired, good yard  
and garden, never failing well of excel-  
lent water. Terms easy, but the pur-  
chase money may remain on mortgage, if  
required; title free of all incumbrances.  
The whole of this Estate will be Let, till  
sold. Apply to JAMES STEVENS, or  
JONATHAN T. ALMY.

#### FOR SALE or TO LET.

And immediate possession given.

THE splendid mansion lately built  
and occupied by BORDEN WOOD,  
Esq. It is beautifully situated on the  
rising ground, about 1.4 miles North of  
the State House in Newport, facing on  
the main road, and commands a very  
extensive view of the harbor and bay.—  
The main building is 40 by 37 feet, and  
contains 8 rooms, including drawing  
rooms, and attached, in the rear, is an  
addition containing the kitchen and wash-  
room below, and servants' lodging rooms  
above.—with a good cellar the whole  
size of the house. There is also a good  
couch house and other outbuildings; an  
excellent well of water and brick cistern,  
both connected with the house by lead  
pipes. The lot consists of 3 3/4 acres of  
good land, handsomely laid out, and hav-  
ing on it a great number of ornamental  
trees. The house is but three years old,  
and was built and finished with first rate  
materials and in modern style.

This establishment is admirably calcu-  
lated for a gentleman's residence, and if  
immediate application is made it will be  
sold at a great bargain—much below the  
first cost,—or a tenant will be received  
at a moderate rent. For further particu-  
lars apply to.  
WM. WEEDEN,  
or J. C. SHAW.  
June 8.

### A TALE OF REAL LIFE.

BY MISS SEDGWICK.

"I am going round by Broad street, to  
inquire of Ross, the glover, about Lucy  
Wendall."

"Lucy Wendall! Who is she?"

"She is a pretty little Dutch girl, who  
lived opposite to me in that bit of a dwell-  
ing that looks like a crack or seam be-  
tween the two houses on each side of it.  
She lived with her grand parents, natives  
of this city, and once proprietors of many  
a lot within it; but they had been out-  
bargained and out witted till they were  
reduced to this little tenement, some  
twenty feet by fifteen. Their only sur-  
viving descendant was my little friend  
Lucy, a pretty, fair skinned, fair haired,  
blue eyed girl, of a most modest, quiet,  
engaging demeanor. For many months  
after we moved to—street, I knew  
nothing of the family; but, from such  
observations as my eye could take, neat-  
ness was the ruling passion of the house-  
hold. Their only servant, Minerva—the  
goddess of wisdom should have known  
better—used to scrub the house weekly,  
from garret to cellar; their only carpet  
was shook every Saturday; the steps  
were scoured daily, and I never in my  
life saw the old woman without a dusting  
cloth in her hand. Such a war of ex-  
termination did she carry on against the  
intruding particles, that my friend E.  
used to say it must be hard for her to  
think of 'turning to dust.'"

"Lucy had no visitors, no companions;  
and the only indulgence of the old people,  
which was sitting on the stoop every  
pleasant afternoon, according to the an-  
cient Dutch custom, she never partook.—  
She never went out, excepting on Sunday,  
to church, and then she reminded me of  
one of those bright pretty flowers that  
hang on the cragged bare stem of the  
cactus. I pitied her, her spring of life  
seemed passing away so drearily. My  
pity was misplaced; and I felt it to be  
so when I looked into her serene and  
sweet countenance, and saw there the  
impress of that happiness which certain-  
ly flows from duties religiously perform-  
ed. It is a great matter, Grace, to have  
your desires bounded within your station;  
to be satisfied with the quiet, unnoticed  
performance of duties Providence has al-  
lotted to you; and not to waste your ef-  
forts or strength in seeking to do good, or  
to obtain pleasure beyond your sphere.—  
This is true wisdom; and this was Lucy  
Wendall's. At last there came to this ob-  
scure family what comes to all—death  
and its changes. The old man and his  
wife died within a few days of each other,  
of the influenza that then raged in the  
city. The hope of serving the pretty or-  
phan induced me to go to the house. She  
received me gratefully, and as an old  
friend; for though we had never ex-  
changed a word, there had been an in-  
terchange of kind looks and friendly  
nods—those little humanities that bind  
even strangers together. On inquiry in-  
to her affairs, I found that she was left  
almost penniless, but that a discreet and  
kind female friend had procured a place  
for her in Ross's glove factory. Lucy  
was skilled in all the art and handicraft  
of the needle. Ross, it seems is a very  
thriving tradesman; and on the warm re-  
commendation of Lucy's friend, he had  
promised to board her in his family, and  
allow her sufficient compensation for her  
labor."

"In a few days she removed to her  
new home. It is now fifteen months she  
left our street. She came once to tell  
me she was perfectly satisfied with her  
place, and since then I have heard noth-  
ing of her. Do not look so reproving my  
lady Mentor. I have been intending for  
some time to call at Mr. Ross's to make  
inquiries about her. My story has  
brought us almost to the shop: 'John  
Ross, glove manufacturer.' This must  
be the place. Stop one moment, Grace,  
and look through the window; that man,  
no doubt, is Ross himself. What a fine  
head. You might know such a man  
would succeed in the world, let his lot be  
cast where it would. He would have  
been a resolute general, a safe statesman;  
but here he is, an honest, thriving glover,  
and that, perhaps, is just as well; nothing  
truer than the little old couplet:

"Honor and shame from no condition rise,  
Act well your part, there all the honor lies."

"The old man looks as though he  
might be a little tyrannical, though.—  
Heaven grant poor Lucy may not have  
suffered from that trait in his physiogno-  
my."

"The only customer is coming out.—  
Now we have a clear field, let us go in."

"Mr. Ross, I believe."

"The same, ma'am."

"I came, Mr. Ross, to inquire after a  
young woman who came to live with  
you last Christmas."

"I have had a great many young  
women living with me, ma'am."

"The old man's humor requires me to  
be explicit. Her name, Mr. Ross, was  
Lucy Wendall."

"Ay, Lucy Wendall did come into the  
factory about that time."

There was an expression in Ross's  
face at the mention of her name that  
might betide good, and it might betide  
evil of Lucy. "I merely wished to know,  
Mr. Ross, whether Lucy had given satis-  
faction, and whether she still remains  
with you."

"Was you a friend to Lucy Wendall,  
ma'am?"

"I should think it an honor to call my-  
self so, but I could hardly claim that  
name. She was my neighbor, and in-  
terested me by her correct deportment  
and uncommon dutifulness to her old  
parents." Ross made no reply, but fum-  
bled over some gloves that were lying on  
the counter; then tied up the bundle and  
laid it on the shelf. "You seem, Mr.  
Ross, not disposed to answer my inquiry.  
I am afraid some misfortune has happened  
to the poor girl."

"Would you like to know ma'am what  
has happened to her?" He leaned his  
elbow on his desk and seemed about to  
begin a story.

"Certainly I would."

"Well, you know, when Lucy Wend-  
all came to me, she was a little demure  
thing—not a beauty, but so comely and  
tidy, that she was a pretty resting place  
for the eye of old or young. She was as  
great a contrast to the other girls in the  
work-shop as white is to black. She  
just sat quiet in one corner and minded  
her work, and took no part in their gab-  
bling. You must know what a parcel of  
girls are ma'am, dinging from morning  
till night, like forty thousand chimney  
swallows. Lucy was very different; she  
made herself neat and tidy in the morn-  
ing, and did not lose half an hour at noon  
when the 'prentice boys were coming to  
dinner, twitting out curl papers and for-  
bidding her hair. The boys and girls  
used to have their jokes about her, and  
call her the little parson; but she only  
preached in her actions, and this is what  
I call practical preaching ma'am. She  
was a master workman with her needle.  
I never had a match for her since I first  
begun business; but, (you know there's  
always a but in this life,) she gave me a  
great offence. She crossed me where I  
could least bear to be crossed."

"Not intentionally, I am sure, Mr.  
Ross."

"You shall hear, ma



our roof. Ma'am will wonder that I hardened my heart to all this, but you know that anger is said to be short madness, and besides, there is nothing makes us so deaf to reason and true feeling as the stinging sense we are wilfully doing wrong. I was harsh, and John lost his temper; and poor Lucy cried, and was too frightened to speak; and it ended with my telling Lucy she should not stay another day in my house, and John, that if he did not obey me, my curse should be upon him.

The next morning they had both cleared out, and every body thought they had gone off to be married, and so I believed, when John came in like a distracted man, and said he had been all day seeking Lucy in vain—that the only friend she had in the city knew nothing of her—when I answered, so much the better, he accused me of cruelty—and then followed high words, such as never should pass between father and son; and it ended in my turning him from my door. I do not wonder you turn away; but hear me out. Saturday night, three days after, John came home an altered man. He was as humble as if he only had been wrong.—He begged my pardon, and promised to obey me in all things but marrying Amy Bance. 'I give up Lucy, father,' he said, 'but I cannot marry any body else.' I forgave him—from the bottom of my heart I forgave him—and I longed to ask him to forgive me; but I had not come to that yet. I asked him what had brought him back to duty. He put into my hands a letter he had received from Lucy.—She had persevered in not seeing him—but such a letter, ladies! If ministers could speak so to the heart, there would be no sin left in the world. She said she had deserved to suffer for carrying matters so far without my knowledge. She spoke of me as the kindest of fathers, and the kindest of masters. Then she spoke of the duty a child owed a parent—said she should never have any peace of mind till she heard we were reconciled; and told him it would be in vain for him to seek her, for she had solemnly resolved never to see him again. The paper was blotted with tears from top to bottom; but saving and excepting that, ma'am, there was nothing from which you could guess what it cost her to write the letter.

"I could not stand it; my heart melted within me. I found her that very night, and without loss of time, brought her back to my house, and then," he added walking hastily to the farther extremity of the shop, and throwing open a door that led into a back parlor, "there, ma'am, is the long and short of it."

And there was one of the most touching scenes of human life. My pretty, dutiful friend became a wife and mother, her infant in her arms, and her husband sitting beside her watching the first intimations of intelligence and love in its bright little face. Such should be the summer of happiness when the spring is consecrated to virtue.

## Twenty-Seventh Congress.

### SECOND SESSION.

IN SENATE, Thursday, Aug. 11, Mr. Lincoln introduced a bill to raise two additional regiments, one of riflemen and one of dragoons. He proposed to arm them with Colt's rifles. The bill was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

The bill establishing a police force in the District of Columbia, was passed—aye 21, nays 20.

The special order of the day was the bill for the augmentation of the marine corps, and at 1 o'clock, it was taken up and proceeded with.

The Judicial Circuit bill, was debated at length, and passed—yeas 115, nays 68.

An unsuccessful attempt was made by Mr. Proffitt to take up the vetoed Tariff bill. The motion was lost—yeas 82, nays 104.

The consideration of the Fortification bill consumed the remainder of the day.

IN THE HOUSE, the persons appointed a committee on the message, are Messrs. Adams, (chairman), Morris, of Ohio, Granger, Truman Smith, Botts, Pearce, Raynor, Cooper, of Penn., Campbell, of Tenn., Gilmer, Irwin, Roosevelt, C. J. Ingersoll. Nine of these are whigs, two Tyler men, and two Democrats.

The House has been mostly engaged in the Fortification bill.

IN SENATE, Friday, Aug. 12.—Several memorials, adverse reports, bills on the table, &c. were taken up and disposed of, and the Senate went into Executive session, on the British and American treaty.

IN THE HOUSE, Mr. McKennan succeeded in getting up the bill for Western Marine Hospitals. After it had once been put to the test of engrossment, under the previous question, it was reconsidered with the view of debate and amendment. But the debate was brief, and the amendment was rejected; and the bill was passed.

Mr. Ingersoll presented anew his project for a tariff. He was for taking the valuation of 1839, and imposing a horizontal duty of 30 per cent *ad valorem*, on every thing but railroad iron, which was to remain as it is.

Objection being made, Mr. Ingersoll moved to suspend the rules. This required a vote of two thirds; the vote was 43—118.

Mr. Fillmore rose and reminded the House that the Fortification bill had been discussed elaborately, yesterday, in detail and on its merits, and that it was important to hasten action thereon.

He moved a resolution to the effect that the bill be taken out of committee in one hour after going into its consideration again.

Notwithstanding some opposition on the part of the other side of the House, the resolution prevailed, 81 to 67.

On motion of Mr. Fillmore, the House then went into committee of the whole, and therein resumed (for an hour) the consideration of this bill.

The floor was taken by Mr. Irwin of Pa., who made a speech in favor of proceeding at once to yield the opposition of the House to the Executive, and to pass such a tariff bill as he would be pleased to sign.

IN SENATE, on Saturday, Aug. 13, the bill to establish a Police in the city of Washington, was, after some debate, passed—yeas 21, nays 15.

The bill to extend the benefits of the pension Laws of 1836 and '38 to certain widows not heretofore enjoying the privileges thereof, was ordered to a third reading.

Several petitions for protection and other purposes were presented. One by Mr. Buchanan similar to that presented in the House by Mr. W. C. Johnston, asked for the issue of \$200,000,000 of Government Stock to be divided among the States.

The House bill, legalizing and making appropriations for contingencies and other objects not heretofore authorized by law, but included in the General Appropriation bill, was taken up, and was under consideration at the close of the day.

IN THE HOUSE, Mr. Stuart of Va., from the committee on Foreign Affairs, reported a bill to regulate the allowances for regular services rendered by Secretaries of Legation and Foreign Consuls, which he ordered to be taken up and passed, but objections being made, it was referred to the Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union.

Mr. Wise, from the committee on Naval Affairs, reported with amendments several of the bills recently passed by the Senate relative to the re-organization &c., of the Navy, which were ordered printed and referred to the Committee of the Whole.

Mr. Arnold made another unsuccessful attempt to take up his bill to reduce the pay of Members of Congress.

The remainder of the day was spent in the consideration of Private Bills.

IN SENATE, on Monday, Aug. 15.—Petitions, from Florida, for admission to the Union, and from Virginia, against distribution as a feature of a tariff, were presented by Messrs Calhoun and Archer, and referred.

REPORTS.—One only; a House bill relative to the public lands; made the order of the day for to-morrow; by Mr. Walker, from the committee on public lands.

EXECUTIVE.—On motion of Mr. Rives, the Senate sat about fifteen minutes in secret session.

PASSED.—A bill relative to the lead and mineral mine lands of Iowa and Wisconsin.

Several bills of a private character, from the calendar, were taken up, considered, and disposed of variously.

THE HOUSE, this morning, resolved itself into committee of the whole.

Mr. Arnold moved to take up for consideration the retrenchment bill introduced by him.

The vote was 56 to 79. So the committee refused to take up the bill.

Mr. Barnard moved to take up the remedial justice bill.

Mr. Irwin moved to take up the harbor, river and Cumberland road bill.

Mr. Wise hoped it would be the Navy bill.

Mr. Irwin's motion did not prevail.

Mr. Barnard's did; and the committee proceeded to consider the bill from the Senate, transferring jurisdiction in certain cases from State to Federal courts, (usually called the McLeod bill, from its provisions being particularly devised to meet such cases as his.)

Mr. Barnard explained the measure, and urged its adoption on the committee. It was debated by various members, on both sides, and was then postponed, in order to take up the

NAVY RE-ORGANIZATION BILL.—This was talked about up to the hour of adjournment.

TO THE PRESIDENT TO RESIGN.—A large circular petition (signed by some two hundred of the citizens of Columbia county, addressed to the President of the United States, requesting him to resign, on the ground that he was chosen to carry out Whig measures, and that he has failed to do so,) was this day received by a member of Congress, with a request that he would send it as addressed.

THE SENATE ON TUESDAY, Aug. 16th, did nothing of importance during the day. Mr. Allen, of Ohio, threatened to call up a resolution of Mr. Preston's, appropriating the Public Land proceeds to the extinguishment of Indian titles. The resolution was not considered. The Contingent Bill from the House was ordered to a third reading, with a score of amendments. The Bill will pass the Senate finally to-morrow, and this will be the last appropriation Bill of the session.

The House was full to overflowing again this morning, to hear the Report from Mr. Adams, as Chairman of the Select Committee of Thirteen members.

The galleries were full, and the privileged seats of the chamber were occupied.—High expectations were manifest in regard to the Report, and they were fully gratified.

A report was made by Thomas W. Gilmer, a member of the Committee, and upon his own hook. It is out and out in defence of the President and the veto power, and in condemnation of the majority in Congress.

R. J. Ingersoll made a report, signed

by himself and Mr. Roosevelt of New York.

Mr. Adams read his report in his seat, Mr. Gilmer his in his seat, and Mr. Ingersoll his in like manner.

The Reports having been read, their consideration was postponed until to-morrow, with an order to print the Reports.

Mr. Wise moved to take the vetoed Revenue Bill from the table, and called for the yeas and nays. The motion was lost by a vote of 104 to 99.

## ARMY BILL.

COMMITTEE ON CONFERENCE. The Committee on Conference made their Report this morning, which is, that the second regiment of Dragoons be retained until the 1st of January, and then made a rifle regiment. In reference to the military store keepers a compromise has been effected,—ten being retained at a salary of \$800, five are abolished and others retained at apparent salaries with specific duties.

The Report was concurred in, and thus the House have disposed of the Bill referring to the reorganization of the Army. The next motion was to go into Committee of the Whole upon the Army Appropriation Bill.

Mr. Ingersoll was called to the chair. Mr. Fillmore moved a concurrence in the Report, and Mr. Cave Johnston of Tenn., was opposed to concurrence and seemed very ready to lose the Bill. The report was concurred in by the Committee.

IN THE SENATE, on Wednesday, Aug. 17, no business of importance was transacted in the morning. The bill passed a few days since for supplying deficiencies in the Naval Pension Fund, was taken up on a motion to reconsider, made at the time of its passage, and an amendment offered containing a class of pensioners hitherto charged on the fund but stricken out in the bill as it passed the Senate.—The amendment having been rejected, however, the bill was again passed.

The Committee of Conference appointed to consider the disagreements between the House and Senate on the Army Appropriation bill and the bill reorganizing the Army, reported several amendments in which they recommended the concurrence of the Senate.

The bill re-organizing the army makes a reduction in the whole forces of something like 3561 men. Among the officers, it strikes out one Commissary General one Inspector General, two Surgeons, ten Assistant Surgeons, three Paymasters and six military storekeepers. As the bill passed the House last evening, it only requires the Executive sanction to become a law.

The Army Appropriation Bill was passed last evening before the House adjourned—the amendment proposed by the committee of conference, having been adopted.

This morning when the House assembled, Mr. McKennan, offered a resolution, instructing the committee of ways and means to report a bill similar to that returned by the President, but without the distribution clause, and the tax on tea and coffee struck out. The resolution being objected to, a motion was made to suspend the rules to allow of its reception, whereupon Mr. Botts moved a call of the House, which was agreed to, and resulted in 167 members answering to their names. The absentees were then called, and 196 members having answered, further proceedings under the call of the House were suspended.

The question was then taken on Mr. McKennan's resolution and resulted in yeas 108, nays 85, so the resolution was not taken up, a vote of two thirds being required to suspend the rules.

A resolution was then offered by Chas. Brown of Pa., that the House should resolve itself into Committee of the Whole and instructing such Committee to take up immediately the bill reported some time since by the Committee of the Judiciary, directing the collection of 20 per cent. duties on imports as provided by the act of 1833, and report the same to the House with amendments which being objected to, a motion to suspend the rules was made, which was lost, the vote being 113 in the affirmative and 70 in the negative—two thirds not voting in favor of the resolution.

Mr. McKennan, of Va., then moved a reconsideration of the vote on his proposition to suspend the rules so as to allow of the introduction of his resolution, and the question being taken by yeas and nays there were in favor of reconsidering 130, against it 70, so the motion to reconsider was carried. The Resolution of Mr. McKennan was then again brought before the House, and on a motion to suspend the rules was again lost, the vote being yeas 122, nays 72, two thirds not voting in favor.

Mr. Cushing next moved that the House go into Committee of the Whole to allow of his introducing a revenue proposition of his own, which motion was not carried.

The bill returned by the President was then taken up, and after some remarks by Wm. Cost Johnson, the previous question was moved, and being taken, resulted in yeas, 91—nays 87, so the bill was not passed, two-thirds not voting in favor of it as required by the Constitution.

The hour of 12 having arrived, the House proceeded to the consideration of the report and resolution from the select committee on the President's Message.—The resolution proposes an amendment of the Constitution, taking away the veto power from the President. The question pending was the adoption of the report and resolution, and on this, Mr. Roosevelt having obtained the floor, moved the previous question.

The motion for the previous question having been sustained, a call of the House was ordered, which after some time was suspended, and a motion made to lay the whole matter on the table—report, resolution, and all, on which question the yeas and nays being called.—The House refused to lay the report and resolution of Mr. Adams on the table—the question will recur, consequently on its adoption.

## Gov. Seward's Message.

The Legislature of New York met at Albany in extra session on Tuesday morning. At 11 o'clock a quorum was formed, and Gov. Seward transmitted his message to the two branches the same day.

He makes but little comment on the apportionment act which will make the basis of their labors, only observing that the regret for the reduction of the number of members will be relieved by the more perfect expression of the popular voice to be obtained by the district system.

He congratulates the Legislature on the general health and the abundance of the harvests.

After explanation of some subjects relating to the state of education, of the administration of justice, of the prisons, and some allusions to the election riots in New York, to the completion of the Croton aqueduct and to the commission for procuring copies of public documents from Europe illustrative of the State history, he congratulates the legislature on the approaching completion of the scientific survey of the State.

The difficulty between New York and Virginia is yet unsettled; Gov. Seward renews his request for authority to instruct the citizens of New York who are embarrassed by the "unfraternal proceedings" of Virginia to test the validity of the law of Virginia in the legal tribunals.

After commenting upon the Rhode Island rebellion he touches on the new treaty. It appears from the remarks which he makes on this subject that the question of the surrender of fugitive criminals who have sought to escape justice by crossing the frontier, was brought before the negotiating parties.

Gov. Seward renews a recommendation which he has heretofore made, that the regulations by which resident aliens are embarrassed in acquiring, holding and transferring real estate, may be removed.

He proceeds to a consideration of the state of the works of internal improvement undertaken by the State, introducing his remarks by some comment on the state of the finances. From these it appears that there is a considerable diminution this year in the several items of State revenue from the amount collected in the same months of 1841.

The loss in canal tolls is	\$177,697
in auction duties,	7,141
in salt duties,	8,893
Amounting to	\$193,731

The loss in the salt duties results from the embarrassment in the present ruinous revenue system of the National Government. That Government has not yet paid to the agent of the State its share of the land distribution. Under these circumstances, and in view of the opinion always expressed in New York in favor of a protecting tariff, Gov. Seward expresses the general regret that the President perseveringly defeats all laws which have that end in view.

The remainder of the message is exclusively occupied by the strong protest of the Governor against the continuation of the ruinous system adopted by the dominant party in relation to the public works of the State.

During the recess of the Legislature the Speaker of the Assembly, in pursuance of the directions of that body, appointed a committee to report a plan for districting the State. In order to save time, he took the responsibility of calling this committee together about a week since, and they have agreed on a plan of districts, by a vote of 10 to 3, which was presented to the Assembly on Tuesday. From the tone of the speeches in several preliminary debates in both branches, we should infer that it was intended by members of the Majority to enter on no business but the districting of the State at the present session.

GOT BIT.—The Philadelphia Express states that a gentleman in Philadelphia who had his pocket picked at the Post Office, procured a small snapping turtle, which he stowed away, head upwards, in the pocket of his long tailed blue, and thus provided, went to the scene of his former misadventure to take out a letter. While standing in the crowd, waiting his turn, he felt a "nibble," as the fishermen call it, and knew thereby that some light fingered gentleman had mistaken the young reptile for a pocket wallet. Our friend enjoyed a quiet laugh to himself, and suffered the business to proceed.—Presently a struggle commenced, a half suppressed exclamation, and the hand of the rogue was suddenly withdrawn, the turtle keeping a fast grip to one of his fingers. "Some one has picked my pocket," said our friend, turning himself around, when the delinquent was seen holding up his hand in an agony—the snapping held on, like a bulldog—a stream of blood was running down on the floor, and the poor detected rascal, his eyes streaming with tears, begged for mercy. He was ordered to clear out with his booty, which he speedily did, and no doubt he was as anxious to get rid of his prize as he had been, in the first place to obtain it.

NEW AND NOVEL SETTLEMENT.—A Society called the "Fraternal Community," has lately been established in Milford, Mass. The views of the association were generally imbued by the members of a religious society, most residing in Mendon, (Mass.) and vicinity, and known as "Restorationists." The conditions and regulations upon which this novel organization is to exist, are very much like those adopted by the Shakers, though varying in some particulars. All the property of the members is thrown into one common stock; and its possessors are to labor for increase, and live together as one family. Two hundred acres of land have been purchased, together with a water privilege. One large dwelling house has already been erected; and a saw and grist mill, and quite a large machine shop, are now in process of erection. The community have also a large printing office there, and publish a small paper, "The Practical Christian." This embryo settlement has been christened "Hopetown," of Fraternal Community, No. 1. It now contains some 30 or 40 inhabitants; and it is said that great numbers stand ready to join, as soon as sufficient accommodations are provided. The labors of the people will be principally agricultural and mechanical.

An Incident at Niagara.—A circumstance recently occurred, here quite extraordinary. A horse was seen, from an elevation between the Clifton House and the road leading to the burning Spring swimming from Navy Island to the Canada side, towards the opposite shore. Strange and impossible as it may seem, being a powerful animal, it is supposed he succeeded in reaching Grass Island, more than two thirds of the way across the Niagara river. This was accomplished by having started high up—so that a diagonal line enabled the bold adventurer to plant his hoofs on that little patch of terra firma, Green Island, a narrow strip of grass that peeps out of the water but a short distance above Goat Island. After feeding awhile, and therefore attracting a still larger number of wonder struck spectators, he seemed to survey the mighty exhibition of fury around, and again plunged into the restless current—either intending to return, or touch upon the American side—(for horses think, ay, and reason too,) but the rushing waters, like an army of hungry tigers, whirled the poor beast hither and thither, and onward too, so that just as he reached the first rapid, nothing but his head could be now and then observed above the angry billows. Before coming to the brink of the magnificent cataract, towards the middle of the descent, it was quite certain that life was extinct. Over went the carcass, which was soon discovered by those below at the ferry, where it was towed on shore and examined. It proved to be a very large horse, in excellent flesh, almost milk white, but every bone in the body was crushed or broken into fragments.—Boston Transcript.

A Thrilling Incident.—On Tuesday last, says the Bloomsburg Democrat, 3 gentlemen went to the New Slope, at Beaver Meadows, for the purpose of descending into the mines. This slope is about 150 yards, of a descent of 10 feet in 12, down which cars are let for the purpose of drawing up coal by steam-power. The agent ordered a dry car to be hitched to one that was to descend for coal, and the gentlemen were directed to get aboard. While this was transacting a laborer had passed down the slope some 50 yards. As two of the gentlemen stepped on the car, it was discovered by the hands that the chain attaching the car to the engine had not been hooked, and the car starting, alarm was given, the gentlemen leaped from the car, and in an instant it was dashed into a thousand fragments at the bottom of the slope, passing by the laborer above mentioned, who had instinctively stepped to one side, without doing any other injury to him than laying him prostrate.

DROWNED.—Thomas Buttrick of Lancaster, a young man employed as a carpenter on the Unitarian Meeting House now building in Lincoln, was drowned in Sandy Pond in that town on Saturday, the 30th ult. He had gone into the pond to bathe where the shore was bold and get beyond his depth, and not being a swimmer, was drowned before sufficient help could be obtained to rescue him.—Mr. Buttrick was twenty one years of age and sustained an unblemished character.—Exchange Paper.

MURDERER CAUGHT.—Flanagan, one of the murderers of Mrs. Holden, of Cambridge county, was arrested near Bellefonte, after a desperate resistance—pistol shots having been exchanged—by William Ward, Esq., late Sheriff of Centre county. The other person concerned in the murder, a brother of the one arrested, has not yet been taken.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—We regret to learn that an occurrence of painful character took place at Charlestown, yesterday afternoon. An alarm of fire being given, a company of lads, were drawing a miniature fire engine, filled with water, down the hill leading from the Methodist Church to Main street, when one of them by some means or other, fell, and the engine passed directly over his bowels, killing him instantly. His name was Bernard Clark, an Irish lad, about twelve years of age, and said to be of an amiable disposition. No blame can be attached to any one, as they were going with some speed, and it was impossible to stop suddenly. Surely 'in the midst of life we are in death.'

THE AMERICAN ALOR.—The century plant, now exhibiting at the Manor Garden, for the benefit of the Orphan Asylum is rapidly increasing. The flower stem has risen to near nineteen feet from the ground. It has put forth some eighteen flower branches; the first one that made its appearance is now nearly three feet long, and has 84 flower buds on it. It must be a magnificent sight when the plant is in full bloom. We shall notice the first appearance of the first flower.—Albany Evening Journal.

AN ANCIENT DAME.—The Pottsville (Pa.) Emporium mentions that there is an old lady, named Dorothy Snyder, residing on Blue Mountain between Pottsville and Pehrsburg, who was 105 years old last month. She has lived in the same house for 77 years, and though blind for the last six years, is very lively, talkative and happy. She speaks English and German, and sings quite merrily.

In an action for an assault, brought by Wm. F. Johnson, comedian, against Jos. M. Fied and Wm. Creswick, of the same profession, in the Boston Court of Common Pleas, the jury returned a verdict of one hundred dollars against Fied, and nothing against Creswick.

BANKRUPTCY.—Decisions.—Geo. W. Snow and Enelhue his wife. Mrs. S. held a note for \$800, which had been given her for property devised to her before her marriage, by her mother. Subsequently, without the husband's knowledge or desire, she had the note renewed and made out payable to her husband or bearer. On the latter ground the assignee claimed it, and the Court directed that it should be surrendered to him, subject to the present decision. The case has been before a Commissioner. The Court stated that it felt satisfied the note was the property of the wife, belonging to her before marriage, and although it was renewed in the husband's name, it had been so by her direction, she supposing it to be necessary—but the note had never been out of her possession.—Ordered, that the assignee restore the note, but as informality had occurred sufficient to warrant the assignee in proceeding, costs to be paid by petitioner. N. Y. Tribune.

FROM PORTO RICO.—Captain Crowell of the schr. Maguet, at Norfolk from Arecibo, (Porto Rico) states that the growing crops were suffering severely from the drought. The island had been without rain for three or four months, and it was evident that, unless they had some very soon, not more than half a crop of sugar could be made. There was very little sugar of the old crop remaining at Arecibo. Advices from St. Croix also represent that island as suffering greatly from drought; and fears are entertained that the crops will be nearly all cut off. Thus, while we have been flooded with rains, our West India neighbors have not had a drop.—Norfolk Herald.

Truly Melancholy.—Died, very suddenly, on Thursday morning last, in West Hartford Conn., Mr. Mason Steel, aged 41, and within two hours of his decease, his wife, aged 36, expired, having recently given birth to an infant, which died the day previous. Thus in the short space of a few hours, the father, mother and child, in the same house, lay cold in death. About two weeks ago they buried a very interesting daughter, aged 16. By this dispensation of Providence, six little children are left orphans. Hartford Courant.

Melancholly Accident.—On the 4th inst., Mr. James Desmond, seaman of brig Columbo, on the passage from Baltimore for this port, went aloft with all hands to take in the foretop sail. It was blowing heavy at the time with a bad sea, and the brig was under close reefed topsails. While forling the sail young Desmond fell, and struck upon the deck. He languished six hours in great suffering of body, but unconscious in mind, and then expired.—Bos. Daily Advertiser.

Distressing Mortality in one Family.—The Washington, Pa., Reporter of the 6th inst. contains the deaths of no less than five adults of one family connexion in that county—all of dysentery. The name of the family is Garrett.

Riot and Bloodshed.—We had something more than a row on Monday evening last in our city.

A German company, under the command of Lt. Heakel, while parading, had some difficulty with a parcel of boys, in which one of the boys was dangerously cut with a sword by a soldier. The company soon afterwards marched to the Sans Souci House kept by Heakel, and when about to be dismissed, a crowd of boys surrounded them, and threw missiles at them. The soldiers resisted.

Constable Stephen Jones, of the 4th Ward, then ordered the parties to desist, and to preserve the peace, when he was shot by one of the soldiers through the wrist and severely cut by Heakel. After this the fight became general; several shot were fired; stones and clubs used; the windows of the Sans Souci were demolished; and several persons hurt; a German boy badly.

The Mayor and Marshall then made their appearance with the police, and, by their promptness, succeeded in putting a stop to the riot. Heakel attempted to escape. But he was taken, and his soldiers surrendering to the civil authority, were sent to jail.

There is no doubt, from what we can learn, that the whole difficulty arose from intemperance.—Cin. Gaz.



The Supreme Judicial Court of this State, commences its August term in this town, on Tuesday next.

**MILITARY.**—The Marine Artillery, Col. Nighingale, of Providence, arrived here on Wednesday afternoon, on an excursion of discipline and pleasure. They were received at the landing by the Newport Artillery, Col. Swan, and escorted to the place selected for their encampment near the Stone Mill. On Thursday afternoon they embarked on board the steamboat Rhode Island, intending to return home via Stonington. The appearance and discipline of the company was of the first order.

**LECTURES ON POLAND.**—Major Tochman, late of the Polish Army, will deliver his second and last lecture this evening, at the Masonic Hall;—Maj. T. has lectured in most of the principal cities and towns in the United States, and in all of them been received with interest and satisfaction.

We learn from the Providence Journal that Timothy Hoskins of Keene, N. H., was arrested on Friday, the 12th inst., charged with attempting to excite insurrection. It appeared on his examination that he was the bearer of letters from Dorr to the editor of the Providence Herald and others—that he had in his possession a Carpet bag which Dorr had left at Chepachet containing a great many papers and letters which are reported to be of great importance. The prisoner after undergoing a long examination was discharged. The letters and papers were detained.

The U. S. Troops, at Fort Adams, were reviewed by Col. Bankhead on Saturday morning last. All present speak in strong terms of admiration as to the appearance and discipline of the troops.

**State Elections.**

**NORTH CAROLINA.**—The Election in this State, was for Governor and Members of the Legislature.—The returns which have been received give Gov. Morehead (Whig) a considerable majority and there seems no doubt of his re-election.—There will be a democratic majority in the Senate of 10 or 12 and in the House 12 or 14. On joint ballot say 24. An U. S. Senator in place of Mr. Graham (W. is to be elected this year.

**KENTUCKY.**—The election in this State was only for members of the Legislature: The Frankfort Commonwealth says—the Whigs will have a majority of 20 in the House and 12 or 14 in the Senate.—The election of an U. S. Senator is to take place at the next session of the Legislature.

**ILLINOIS.**—The election in this State was for Governor and members of the Legislature.—Thos. Ford (Dem.) is no doubt elected Governor over Joseph Duncan (W.) by a majority it is said of 7000 or 8000—and there will be a large Democratic majority in both branches of the Legislature.

**ALABAMA.**—The election in this State was only for Members of the Legislature. The following is the result:—The Senate will stand Demo's 22, Whigs 11, House Demo's 67, Whigs 33.

**MISSOURI.**—The election in this State was for Members of Congress and the State Legislature. There was no opposition for Congress and there will be a large democratic majority in both branches of the Legislature.

**INDIANA.**—The elections in this State was only for the Legislature. The result appears to be as follows:—House, Whigs 44, Demo's 55. Senate, (W.) 23, Demo's 22. Democratic majority on joint ballot 5. A Senator of the U. S. is to be chosen at the next session of the Legislature in place of Mr. Smith (W.)

**A RESIGNATION EN MASSE.**—The Whig members of the Ohio Legislature resigned in a body on the 11th inst., leaving both houses without a quorum. The reason given for this extraordinary movement was the course pursued by the Democratic party on the subject of distorting the State, they having a small majority in each house; were making such arrangements as would secure to them a large preponderance in Congress without any regard to equality of representation—giving some districts more than 80,000 inhabitants and to others 60,000.

**MECHANICS WANTED.**—The Columbia (S.C.) Chronicle of Tuesday last says—A number of journeymen carpenters could find employment and good wages if they would come to Columbia. The progress of re-building the burnt district has been much retarded for want of them.

**Fatal Effects of the Lightning.**—During the thunder shower on Thursday morning the stable connected with the hotel of Mr. David Smith, at Elizabeth Port, N. J. was struck by lightning and the whole gable end fronting on the street torn out. Edward Ashmore, who was employed about the stable as ostler, was killed, his clothing being literally stripped from his body and scattered about the stable. We learn from the Newark Advertiser that three men in a field of Henry Coeyman at Bedville, were stunned by the lightning in the same shower. Two of them sons of Mr. Coeyman, had taken shelter under some boards, which were scattered, and the other, John Butler, was severely stunned, and not yet recovered, was ploughing. The first two were able to walk home, but cannot tell what or where the fluid struck. They suffered doubtless from the concussion.

**ANOTHER.**—As Captain Phin Fisher was walking from his barn to his house in Calais, Me. on the 15th of July, he was instantly killed by lightning. The shock was so powerful that it tore his clothes from his body and set them on fire.

**Resumption in Tennessee.**—The Nashville Whig of the 4th inst., observes:—The resumption of specie payments works well for a sound home currency, though it has brought with it any thing but a uniform speculation. There is, however, a general disposition manifested, to reap as far as practicable the full advantage of a specie standard of business; hence a decided preference is given to Bank paper redeemable (or received unconditionally on deposit) at Nashville. Some of our merchants and auctioneers, who work for a small profit, go so far as to refuse the paper of the Bank of Tennessee (nearly all which is made payable at its branches) for goods. The Stock Banks refuse it altogether. The Principal Bank of Tennessee, (having little or no control over the funds of the Branches,) can only receive and pay out this paper on special deposit.

**An Elopement.**—The Monmouth, N. J. Inquirer says, that Richard A. Lustig, of Point Pleasant, in that county, a few days since eloped with his neighbors wife, whose husband was absent. They took her youngest child and a bed—left behind him a wife and five or six children. They were traced to New York, but it is thought they have gone to Canada.

**Stephens and Catherwood.**—We are authorised to state that at the late burning of the Rotunda building in New York city, the manuscripts, drawings and specimens, brought home by Mr. Catherwood from his last tour, were not destroyed, as has been reported in the newspapers. The only articles belonging to that expedition, which were in the building, were two pieces of carved wood, which were of course burned, but the manuscripts, drawings, &c., were in another place.—Boston Courier.

**First Exports of Wool.**—We should have mentioned before that 3000 pounds of wool left here a few weeks ago for Berkshire, Mass., via Chicago. It was the produce of Mr. Jordan's flock of Saxony sheep, Knox county, for which 50 cents per pound is to be given under a contract made last year.

Last week 1500 lbs. the clip of Bishop Chase's flock, left here for N. York, via N. Orleans. The freight will not it is supposed, exceed one cent per lb. though it is feared the price received will not be over 25 cents, the wool being of ordinary quality.

These exports are deserving of notice, as being the first of the kind from this part of the State, though in a year or two they will become so common as not to excite remark.

Peoria (Ill.) Register.

A building lately burnt near Rochester and known as "Dublin Castle," was remarkable for the number of its inhabitants. It belonged to John I. De Graaf, Mayor of Schenectady, was 200 feet long, and 40 wide, and in 1836 was the residence of over 40 families. At the time of its destruction there were 23 families resident in it, with an aggregate of one hundred and twenty children, ranging from infancy to 12 years of age! All, some 200 in number, old and young, were driven almost naked into the street.

**FIRE AND LOSS OF LIFE.**—The Poor House in Parsonsfield, Me., with the barn and outer buildings, were consumed by fire on the morning of the 23rd ult.—It broke out while all the inmates, 25 in number, were asleep; and it was with great difficulty that the old and infirm were got out, before the whole building was in flames. One woman whose mind was disordered, after being taken from the building, returned afterwards in the confusion, and entered a remote apartment, where she perished.—The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

**Late Foreign Intelligence**

**Arrival of the Britannia.**

**THIRTEEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.**

The Steam ship Britannia arrived at Boston yesterday morning at about half past 4 bringing London dates to Aug. 3. There appears to be nothing particularly new or interesting.

There had been a fresh break out among the Colliers in South Staffordshire. The Parliament of England was to be prorogued on the day after the sailing of the Britannia.

Great discontent still exists among the people of Ireland.

The following is the only news from India:

**OVERLAND MAIL FROM CHINA & INDIA.**

China dates to April 12th, and Singapore Journals to the 5th of May. It was said that 40,000,000 of dollars were to be offered by the Chinese, by way of settlement of difficulties with England. Some fighting had taken place at Ningpo, in which 1100 British routed 6000 Chinese with a loss of 500 or 600 slain.

Among the items of intelligence from Scinde, is one announcing the advance of a large army of 25,000 from Mushed to Herat, and that very important conferences are held at Hyderabad, between the Amiers and Others, requiring the most vigilant attention of Major Sutram. News from Jellalabad to the 29th May announces that Achbar had demanded 10,000 rupees for Gen. Elphinstone. Achbar Khan demands that Dost Mohamed be sent back, and that the English evacuate the country.

The army, it was thought, would not leave the place until they moved to Cabul there to meet General Nott, from Candahar.

The Khyber Pass being re-occupied by the Afghans, and the whole road to Cabul stockaded and defended by the obstructions the enemy could oppose.

Captain Mackenzie has returned to Jellalabad on the 9th of May, from Lughman, with terms for the release of the prisoners.

A letter from Sauger of the 26th of May announces the Bondelaha to have fled into the territory of Scinde.

**BRIGHTON MARKET, Monday, Aug. 15.** Reported for the Boston Daily Advertiser

At Market, 550 Beef Cattle, 2700 Sheep and 725 swine.

**Prices.—Beef Cattle.**—A large proportion of the cattle at market were small and thin, some of which were sold at reduced prices. We reduce our quotations. A few extra \$5. 25.—First quality \$4 75 a \$5; second quality \$4 25 a 4 50; third quality \$3 a \$4.

**Sheep.**—We quote from 1 25 to \$2.—Weathers from 1 75, to 2 25.

**Swine.**—Prices have further declined; lots to peddle at 2 a 3c for Sows and 3 7-8 a 4c for Barrows. Selected Barrows (Old Hogs) 3 1-2c At retail from 3 1-2 to 5c.

**MARRIED.**

In New York, on the 8th inst., Mr. CHARLES R. KING, son of his Excellency Samuel W. King, of Rhode Island, to Miss CALISTIA A. PETTIS, daughter of James M. Pettis, Esq., both of Johnston, R. I.—11th inst. Capt. OLIVER R. MUMFORD, of this town, to Miss SARAH A., daughter of Mr. G. F. Mott, of N. York.

**DIED.**

In this town, on Monday morning last, HANNAH AMANDA FRANKLIN, infant daughter of Capt. John Almy, aged 1 year and 4 months. At Jamestown on the 6th inst. Miss DAMARIS CARR, aged 77 years.

At New York on Thursday evening, Mrs. ANS RODMAN, wife of Charles H. Russell Esq. aged 45 years.

At Camden, New Jersey on the 13th inst. MARY ELIZABETH, daughter of Mr. Edward W. Mumford of Philadelphia, aged 11 months.

**MERCURY MARINE LIST.**

**Port of Newport.**

**ARRIVED.**

**SATURDAY, August 13th.**

Brigs Taranto, Fales, from Providence for Thomaston; Adams, Pendleton, from Picton for Providence.

Sch's Maria Small, from Boston for Providence; Independence, Stewart, from Roundout for Fall River.

Sloop James Lamphere, Kenny, from N. York for Providence; Fame, Spellman, from Providence for Albany.

**SUNDAY, August 14th.**

Sch's Isabella, Clarke, from Philadelphia. Sloop's Hero, Spellman, from Providence for Albany; Emperor, Shaler, from Hartford.

Sailed.—Brigs Taranto, from Thomaston; Adams, for Bangor;—Sch's Eagle, for New Bedford; Edwin, for Boston.

**MONDAY, August 15.**

Sch's Hope & Suen, Thatcher, from Providence for Dennis; Samuel Crocker, Phillips, from New York for Taunton.

Sloop's Samuel, Whitmarsh, from Philadelphia for Taunton; Hudson, Winslow, from New Bedford for Providence.

**TUESDAY, August 16th.**

Sch's Milo, Mickerson, from Keenebeck for Providence.

**WEDNESDAY, August 17th.**

Brig Canonicus, Bigley, 63 days from London, in ballast.

Brig Fair Haven, from Somerset for Norfolk.

Sch's Betsey Richards, from Greenwich for Philadelphia; Rials, Dodge, from Bangor for Providence; Molly, Rogers, from Providence for Bangor; Penobscot, Thurbur, from Philadelphia; Controle, from James River.

Sloop's Yankee, Chase, from Fall River for New York; Nantucket, Coffin, from Nantucket for do; Wm. H. Bunn, Irons, from Providence for Hartford.

**THURSDAY, August 18th.**

Brig Catherine Frazer, Fish, from Picton, N. S. for Newport for orders.

Sloop Pilot, Handy, from Barnstable for New York.

**FRIDAY, August 19th.**

Sch's Antilles, from Thomaston for New York.

Sloop's Vigilant, and Tecumseh, both from Providence.

Sch's Marion, from Bangor for Southoid; George, from Warwick for Bangor; Pelican, from Picton, N. S. 14 days, sailed in company with brig Warsaw, for Philadelphia, and brig Hazard, for Fall River.

Passed up barque Highlander, Mayberry, from Havana for Providence.

**WHALERS.**

Arr at New Bedford, 9th, ship Milo, Gardner, Pacific Ocean, Tahiti March 20th, with 3000 bbls sperm oil.

Arr at New London, 9th, bark Tenedos, from Indian Ocean, with 1300 bbls wh and 200 sp oil.

**Weekly Almanac.**

1842.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises.	High water.
<b>AUGUST</b>				
20 Saturday	5 14	6 46	rises	7 22
21 Sunday	5 16	6 44	6 52	8 06
22 Monday	5 17	6 43	7 12	8 43
23 Tuesday	5 18	6 42	7 33	9 25
24 Wednesday	5 20	6 40	7 55	10 06
25 Thursday	5 21	6 39	8 18	10 40
26 Friday	5 22	6 38	8 46	11 30

New Moon 20th 9a 6m Evening.

**NOTICE.**

Mr. SHERMAN will address the citizens of Newport, on the subject of Temperance on MONDAY EVENING next, at 8 o'clock, at the Methodist Chapel. Ladies and Gentlemen are respectfully invited to attend. [August 20]

**To the Travelling Public.**

OFFICE OF BOSTON AND PROVIDENCE RAILROAD CO., Boston, Aug. 3d, 1842.

Sir.—Annexed you have a copy of the arrangement entered into this day to put the fare between New York and Boston, for the Summer, at \$5. &c. As it is important that all the lines should unite in this move, we shall wait for your reply until Monday next, when, if you do not assent to it, we shall consider that you decline; and on and after that day shall charge your passengers our local fare, cease to sell tickets for your line, and to grant it extra trains. I hope you will assent to the propriety of charging \$5, as it is only a remunerating price.

With much respect &c.

JOS. GRINNELL, President.

Please address me at Boston by mail.

CORN'S VANDERBILT, Esq.

Copy of Agreement, annexed to the Letter.

It is agreed that the Fare between Boston and New York, by all the lines, shall be \$5 in summer and \$6 in winter, for first class passengers, of which the Boston and Providence Railroad Company shall receive one-fourth; and between New York, Newport and Providence, \$3.50.

In case either Line shall charge less than the above rates, the Boston and Providence Railroad Co. will charge such Line its local fare of 1.50, and cease to sell tickets for such Line, or give it extra trains.

If it should be necessary on the part of other Lines, to reduce the fare to compete with such underbidder, the Boston and Providence Railroad Company will, on being consulted and satisfied of such fact, take 1-4 part of the reduced fare, it being understood that the Committee of that Road are at liberty to refuse to receive less than 75 cents for their share.

The above arrangement to continue in force until November 1st next, until which time, the rates of freight will be, per the Independent Line, the local rates of the Boston and Providence Railroad Company and per agreement to the Stonington Line.

Boston, August 3d 1842.

New York, August 6th, 1842.

Sir.—Your communication of the 3d inst. annexing a copy of an agreement entered into on that day, is received.

You do not name the parties to the agreement, but leave me to infer that they are the Norwich Steamboat Companies; the Norwich and Worcester Railroad Company; the Boston and Worcester Railroad Company; the New Jersey Steam Navigation Company; the New York, Providence and Boston Railroad Company; and the Boston and Providence Railroad Company; and, as you knew of my being aware of a meeting of those Companies for that object, you did not consider it necessary in your communication to name them.

You express a desire, that I should comply with the terms of the agreement alluded to; I cannot consent to, for the reasons which I will state.

Previous to my arrangement for the establishment of the Independent Line, between Boston and New York, I had every assurance from you and your Board of Directors, that you would at all times convey my passengers over your Road, and ticket them through, upon as favorable terms as those of any other line—that you had decided to pursue a perfectly independent course towards all lines that might be run between Boston and New York, via Providence. This was all I asked—and relying upon those assurances, I started the Independent Line in December last.

You now determine that if I do not assent to raise the fare to 5 and 6, I must be excluded: or what is tantamount to an exclusion, I must pay you \$1.50 for each passenger, while all other lines pay you but one-fourth of the through fare, which would be 36 1-4 cents at the present rates. This will give to any other line opposing me, so great an advantage that it may prove destructive—notwithstanding which, I feel bound to reject the proposition, rather than be a party to a contract which is sought to be driven upon me, in derogation of my rights, and as tending to a combination against the rights of the Public, to which I cannot consent to lend myself, so long as that Public is disposed to lend its helping hand in its patronage of my fair, and open enterprises.

I am at a loss to conceive by what authority your companies undertake to dictate to me the price of passage between New York and Newport and Providence.

I do therefore most solemnly protest against the whole proceedings.

Very respectfully, your obt. servt.

C. VANDERBILT.

JOS. GRINNELL, Esq., President Boston and Providence Railroad Co., Boston, Mass.

**PERFUMERY.**

A Great variety just received and for sale at the Variety Store of

Jan. 29. T. STACY, Jr.

**RHODE ISLAND COAL.**

ON BARNSTABLE'S WHARF.

THE subscribers have a quantity of this Coal engaged and now landing on Barnstable's Wharf, it appears much better than any before received, being less slate and better seasoned than heretofore. Those wanting Coal particularly for Stoves, will find it a satisfactory article. Price \$4.75 per ton of 2240 lbs in the clean Lump. Orders left with us at our store, or with Elijah Sherman Jr. on the wharf, will receive attention.

WM. C. COZZENS & CO.  
Newport, Aug. 20.

**B. I. Medical Society.**

THE adjourned annual meeting of the Rhode Island Medical Society, will be held at the State House, in Providence, on THURSDAY, the 8th day of September next, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The Censors' meeting will be held at the same place, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th of September, at 6 o'clock P. M.

JOHNSTON GARDNER.  
August 20. 1842.] Rec. Sec'y.

**DRY GOODS,**

**AT NO. 132.**

A GENERAL and well selected assortment of DRY GOODS, are now offered at reduced prices by

Aug. 20.] J. M. COOK & CO.

**FOR SALE.**

**THE New House on**

Touro street, corner of High street, (near Mr. Whitfield's Boarding House,) now occupied by Mrs. Hakard. The House was built three years ago of the best materials and workmanship, in modern style, for a gentleman of Boston. It is 37 feet square, with drawing rooms, dining room, and parlor; five chambers, kitchen, servants' rooms, &c. a good cellar, yard, garden, well of excellent water, brick cistern, &c. Apply to

WM. WEEDEN, or

J. C. SHAW.

August 18.—tf.

**For Sale or To Let.**

THE Subscriber will sell or let his Estate at the corner of Prospect Hill and Corne streets, consisting of a two story Dwelling House with every convenience attached thereto,—should a sale not be effected by the 10th of October next, the lower part will then be to rent and possession given, terms liberal.

For particulars enquire on the premises.

JAMES TITMAN.

Newport, Aug. 20.

**FOR SALE.**

And possession given on or before the 1st day of March next.

THE Estate in Spring street, opposite Trinity Church, now occupied by Capt. Robert Wylie. On the premises is a two story dwelling House, a cook house &c., all nearly new, and convenient for a small family. For further particulars and terms apply to

BENJ. MUMFORD,

Assignee of Geo. Knowles.

Newport, August, 20th 1842.

**FOR SALE.**

THAT most desirable residence on the Hill lately owned and occupied by Gov. Charles Collins. It is seldom that an opportunity is here offered for the purchase of a place so pleasantly situated, so well supplied with extensive gardens, out buildings, and all convenient appurtenances. For terms apply to

WM. ENNIS.

Newport, Aug. 6, 1842.

**FARM FOR SALE.**

THAT Valuable Farm in Portsmouth, within a few rods of Bristol Ferry, containing 61 Acres of good Land,—

Said Farm has on it a convenient Dwelling House and other out-buildings, and is divided into lots with good stone walls, it is well watered, and has a valuable privilege for sea manure, being bounded for half a mile on the shore; a mine of good coal and one of plumbago have been opened on the farm, and there are indications of its being in abundance;—

Said Farm has on it a thriving orchard of selected fruit; and the farm is suitable for a country residence, or for a practical farmer.—An indisputable title will be given. For further information, apply the subscriber on the premises.

ANDREW MCCORRIE.

If said Farm shall not be disposed of at private sale, previous to SATURDAY the 24th day of September next, it will on that day be offered at Public Auction at 10 o'clock A. M. on the premises. The sale will be positive.

Portsmouth, R. I. August 13, 1842.

**Commissioners and Executor's Notice.**

THE subscribers having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the Town of Portsmouth Commissioners to receive and examine the claims against the estate of

RHODA SISSON.

late of Portsmouth single woman dec., and six months from this date being allowed by said Court for that purpose, we will meet at the late residence of the deceased on the 1st Saturday of February at 2 o'clock P. M. to receive and examine the several claims of the creditors of said estate.

Two's CORN, WM. SISSON, SAMUEL SISSON } Commrs

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to CATHERINE T. METCHER Ex'r.

Portsmouth, Aug. 8.

**NOTICE.**

THE Free men of the Town of Newport are hereby notified, that agreeably to direction at the Town Meeting holden the 7th June last, the subject of granting to the Commissioners of the Newport Asylum power hereafter to elect the Keeper and Matron of said asylum, will be taken into consideration at the Town Meeting to be holden at Newport on the last Tuesday in August the 30th inst.

B. B. HOWLAND.  
August 6. 1842.] Town Clerk.

**NEW ARRANGEMENT**

**FOR NEW YORK—VIA NEW-PORT.**



THE New Jersey Steam Navigation Company's Daily Mail Line, (Sundays excepted,) will commence on and after Tuesday June 7.

The following splendid Boats will compose the Line:

MASSACHUSETTS, Capt. Comstock.

RHODE ISLAND, Thayer.

NARRAGANSETT, Woolsey.

The Massachusetts will leave Stonington Mondays, and Thursdays—the Rhode Island Tuesdays, and Fridays; and the Narragansett Wednesdays and Saturdays at the usual hour, on the arrival of the train that leaves Boston at 5 o'clock, P. M.

One of the above boats will leave Newport on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at 3 o'clock P. M. from the Long Wharf.

June 11. 1842.

**TOWN TAX.**

THE Subscriber, Collector of the Town Tax, hereby gives notice that he



## Poetry.

### WATERS.

BY J. H. R. BAYLEY.

There's light in the brook as it glideth by,  
As bright as the glance from beauty's eye;  
A life in its tone as rich and as choice,  
As the music that lives on the minstrel's voice:  
And no devotion the breeze may bear  
Sweeter or purer than riseth there.  
There's love on the face of the lake impress-  
ed—  
A freshness floats over its limpid breast  
As on its waters the sunbeams play,  
Behold how clear and deep are they.  
Its borders are fringed with the rosy and rare  
And Nature looks forth in her purple there.  
There's joy in the stream as it hurrieth on,  
Unawed by any, and checked by none;  
And a bright display of unconscious pride  
In each sparkling drop that heads its tide.  
Its progress how rapid! its current how  
free!  
Reflect on it, man—'tis a model for thee.  
There's might in the flood, roll where it may,  
And rage in the whirl of its dancing spray!  
Danger goes with it, and parts the wave—  
Startles the timid, and nerves the brave.  
Moments spent there, 'mid hopes and fears,  
Are chronicled either in smiles or tears.  
There's wild delight in the ocean's foam,  
Where gloom and glory make their home.  
Poised aloft or buried below,  
The bark and the mariner gaily go!  
And the rougher the storm and the madder  
they rave,  
The greater's the glee on the heaving wave  
Waters! bright waters be where ye will,  
No matter how raging, how deep, or how  
still—  
There light and beauty await your form,  
Quiet in calm, or lost in storm;  
And ye'er looked on by each and by all to be  
The homes of the happy, the loved, and free—

### OUTRAGE AT HAMBURG, (S. C.)—

There has been a frightful assault case and great consequent excitement in Hamburg, S. C., the circumstances of which are as follows: An individual calling himself Albert Merrell, alias N. Dempsey, had been employed for the purpose, it is stated at Montgomery, Ala., by some of the agents of an opposition line of stages, to run off a Mr. Burns, the Agent of the Defiance Line of Stages, from Madison, Ga., to Montgomery, Ala. and keep him from obtaining passengers at the Depot of the South Carolina Railroad. Both offices are in Augusta.

Merrell had prepared before hand a bar of lead bent three double, so as to hold it in his hand, with which he struck Burns a very dangerous blow, while Burns employed in engaging passengers at the car for his line of stages.

The blow felled Burns instantly, and while prostrate Merrell inflicted several wounds by stamping in his face, which nearly killed the unfortunate victim.—The scoundrel then escaped into Georgia, but has since been taken, and is now in jail. The affair created great excitement, and the people were exceedingly incensed against Merrell.

Charleston Patriot.



## Agricultural.

Wage an unceasing warfare with the weeds. It is not too much to say, that in many cases the annual profits of a farm are diminished from one-third to one-half by this crop alone.—Cutting John's wort and applying plaster to invigorate the grasses will destroy this weed, while others must be pulled by hand before ripening their seeds; others, again, require to be plucked up by the roots.

GATHER HERBS.—This is the time of the year when every one, who ever expects to be sick, should attend to collecting herbs, burdock leaves and other necessary articles of the kind that may now be easily and cheaply obtained but exceedingly difficult to procure in the winter. A few hours spent now in a ramble in the fields and along the brooks, will be sufficient to secure a good supply of generous simples that may save many a doctor's bill, make the sick comfortable, and probably save life.

AGRICULTURE.—I consider every man (says Channing) who makes some new agricultural improvement—every man who is instrumental in promoting the cause of agriculture—as most deserving approbation.—The farmer's enjoyment from the improved culture of the ground, is greater than what arises to men employed in other kinds of business; and this might be much increased, if they would expend a portion of labor and expense in beautifying and adorning the lands which the Almighty has blessed with fruitfulness under their hands.

CAPITAL REMEDY.—Those who are sick should take a horse for their doctor, and a cow for their apothecary.

## Miscellaneous.

### 5,000 ROLLS

French Paper Hangings,  
New and Elegant Patterns.

Borders, Chimney-board Papers,  
&c.

Imported from France this Spring, and are offered for sale at the lowest possible prices.

### ALSO,—Band Boxes,

of a superior quality at wholesale and retail at  
22 BROAD STREET, by

M. FREEBORN.

April 2.

A further supply of Paper Hangings is expected from France in a few days.

### Hams Smoked.

THE subscriber has erected a brick smoke house in the rear of his house and store No. 100, Thames street, where he will smoke Hams, in prime order, at the customary prices.  
Dec. 11. J. W. DAVIS.

### FOR SALE.

THE Sloop NIMROD, now lying at Wickford, a first rate sailer, and draws a light draught of water;—she is a good vessel for a Southern lighter, and will carry about 200 bales of Cotton.—For further particulars, enquire of  
W. HOLLOWAY, jun.  
Wickford, Sept. 24.

### NEWPORT CARPET WARE ROOM.

THE subscribers have received a large supply of CARPETS, CARPETS, of all widths, and at a very low price. This article is fast getting into use, and proves to be a cheap as well as a desirable covering for entries, dining rooms, &c. &c.

Also—on Monday next, a large addition will be made to our present stock of INGRAIN CARPETS, of all qualities, and as cheap as can be bought in any market. As usual, all carpets are cut free of charge and warranted to match.  
W. C. COZZENS & CO.  
April 30.

### FIGS.

WHITE FIGS a first rate article Oranges, Lemons, Prunes, &c. at T. STACY JR'S Confectionary and variety store.  
March 12.

### Fairy Bank Cottage, AT THE BEACH.

THE subscriber respectfully gives notice, that this establishment is now fitted up, and open for the season for the accommodation of visitors to the beach. Those who feel disposed to call, can be accommodated with all the luxuries of the season, generally kept at such an establishment.

—SUCH AS—

Ice Creams, Confectionary,  
Water Ices, Pastry,  
Fruit, Soda Water, &c.

Pleasure Parties of Ladies or Ladies and Gentlemen, who wish to pass a day at one of the pleasantest places on Rhode Island, can be accommodated with rooms and refreshments, at the cottage on the most reasonable terms.

Those in want of Ice Creams, Water Ices, Confectionary, Fruit, Pastry, or any other article in the confectionary line, can be furnished at the very lowest prices, by leaving their orders or calling at the Cottage, or at the Confectionary Store, next south of Mr. James Hammond's.  
June 11. T. STACY JR.

THE SUBSCRIBER is in want of good Liquor barrels, and will continue to receive them through the season. Grocers and Shopkeepers having the same to dispose of can always receive the full market value, and depend upon having them regularly called for.

N. E. Rum will be kept on hand and for sale at the distillery as heretofore or at my counting room at the lumber yard.  
HENRY BULL.  
Nov. 13, 1841.

### SAVINGS' BANK.

AT a meeting of the Corporation of the Savings' Bank, held July 14th, 1842, the following named gentlemen were chosen Directors of the Institution for the ensuing year, viz:—George Engs, S. T. Northam, D. McVie, John Sherman, Isaac Gould, N. Sweet, R. B. Cranston, John Stevens, G. Bowen, Wm. J. Tiley, Adam S. Coe, S. Brown, R. P. Lee, G. C. Mason, B. Finch, Edwin Wilbur, Wm. Sherman, John V. Hammett, C. E. Hammett, B. H. Ailman, B. Marsh, Jun. T. G. Brown, Wm. C. Cozzens, Josiah S. Munro and Benj. H. Tisdale.

And at a subsequent meeting of the Directors on the same day, the following Officers were chosen for the ensuing year:—George Engs, President; Charles Giles, Treasurer; and B. B. HOWLAND, Sec'y.

### R. I. BRIDGE COMPANY.

AT the annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Rhode Island Bridge Company, the following gentlemen were elected DIRECTORS viz:—Audley Clarke, S. T. Northam, N. S. Ruggles, C. M. Thurston, R. B. Cranston, Isaac Burdick, Wm. Littlefield, W. A. Clarke, and Peleg Clarke, the last named elected in the place of Henry Bull decd.

At a subsequent meeting of the directors Audley Clarke Esq. was elected President.

W. A. CLARKE, Clerk & Treas.  
Newport July 23.

## Medicines.

### THE MOST HIGHLY APPROVED MEDICINE NOW IN GENERAL USE FOR

COUGHS, COLDS, AND all diseases of the Lungs.

THE VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSM is believed to be deservedly the most popular Medicine ever known in America, for coughs, colds, asthma or phthisis consumption, whooping cough, and Pulmonary affections of every kind.

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsm has been very extensively used for about 15 years; and its reputation has been constantly increasing. So universally popular has this article become that it may now be considered as a standard article in a large part of the United States and British Provinces. Many families keep it constantly by them, considering it the most safe as well as certain remedy for the above complaints. The Proprietors have received, and are receiving numerous recommendations from many of our best Physicians, who make use of it in their practice. The names of a few individuals who have given their testimony in favor of this article, are here subjoined, and for a more full account see the envelope to the bottle.

Amory Hunting, Dr. Samuel Morrill  
Dr. Truman Abell, Timothy Bayle,  
Jere. Ellsworth, Albert Guild.

### CERTIFICATES.

From Dr. Thomas Brown.  
Messrs Lowe & Reed, Gent.—The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsm, has been extensively used, in the section of the country where I reside, for several years past and has justly acquired a high reputation in consumptive complaints. So far as my knowledge extends it has never disappointed the reasonable expectation of those who have used it.

THOMAS BROWN, M.D.,  
Concord, N. H. May 11, 1831.

Messrs Reed, Wing & Cutler—Gentlemen—

I feel it a duty I owe the public, and especially to hundreds of my fellow beings who are now suffering under different diseases of the lungs, to give you a statement of the good effects I have experienced from the use of the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsm. Having from my youth up been troubled with different complaints of the lungs, such as spitting of blood, a dry troublesome cough, frequent hoarseness, with severe fits of coughing, and indeed all the symptoms of consumption, and from time to time I have consulted several eminent Physicians, and have taken much medicine, but I received little or no relief, and at last they told me there was no help for me; that my case was beyond the reach of their medicines. In the spring of 1827 I was advised by a friend to try the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsm. I obtained two bottles, and on trial I was surprised to find so sudden and effectual relief which it gave me; and after using it about 5 weeks all my complaints were entirely removed, and I was restored to good health. Since that time I have kept it constantly by me, in case of the appearance of any of the above complaints. I have known a large number of cases where all other medicines have failed of affording any relief. The Balsm was at length resorted to, and speedily effected a cure. I would therefore recommend to every person that has any of the above complaints, on their first appearance to take the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsm, which they will find a safe, convenient and positive cure. Respect your

T. P. MERRIAM.

New Bedford, Mass. July 30, 1841.  
Counterfeits, Beware of Imposition! Each genuine bottle is enclosed in a blue wrapper, on which is a yellow label, signed by Wm. JONN. CUTLER. None other can be genuine of a later date than December 1839. The Signature of Sampson Reed, will be continued for a short time.

The great celebrity of the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsm has been the cause of attempts to introduce spurious articles which by partially assuming the name of the genuine, are calculated to mislead and deceive the public. Among these mixtures are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsm," "American Pulmonary Balsm," "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsm," "Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsm," and others. Purchasers should enquire for the true article by its whole name—The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsm, and see that it has the marks and signatures of the genuine. Each bottle and seal is stamped Vegetable Pulmonary Balsm.

For sale by REED, WING & CUTLER, (late Lowe & Reed) wholesale dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Paints and Dye Stuffs, No. 54 Chatham Street, Boston, and by Druggists and country merchants generally in New-England, and in the principal places throughout the United States and British Provinces.—Price 50 cents. September 4, 1841

THE above Balsm is for sale in Newport, by R. J. TAYLOR, Agent  
Newport September 4, 1841.

### NEW APOTHECARY'S SHOP

Sign of the "Good Samaritan,"  
NO 92 Thames Street.

### JUST RECEIVED.

From Boston an extensive addition of Medicine and Dye Stuffs.

Henry's Calcined Magnesia,  
Sir James Murray's Fluid Magnesia,  
Wells, Linn's, & Sherman's Plasters,  
Tooth Ache Drops & Kuosote,  
Maccassar, Buffalo, Bears, & Antique Oil; Essence of Rose.  
German, French & American Cologne,  
Lavender and Orange Flower water,  
Doubled Distilled Rose Water,  
French Lotion for chapped hands,  
Cold Cream and Lip Salve,  
Perfumed Toilet Balls,  
Genuine Winsor, and other soaps,  
Edes, Kidders, & Paysons Indelible Ink.

Superior Red, black, and blue Ink.  
Cough Candy, &c. &c.  
Ground Logwood, Nicaragua, Fustic, and Redwood.

ALSO, Medicine Chests, for Families, or Vessels, and a general assortment of Medicine, warranted of the first quality.—For sale as above.

CHARLES COTTON.

Newport Jan. 29, 1842.

### SAMUEL W. BUTLER.

M. D. and SURGEON.

HAS RECENTLY OPENED HIS OFFICE, 62 THAMES STREET, where he can be found at all times.

### MEDICINES

of all kinds at 62 Thames street.  
Newport, May 14, 1842-ly.

## Medicines.

### BECKWITH'S

### ANTI-DYSPEPTIC PILL.

THE Anti-Dyspeptic Pills have been more successfully employed in almost every variety of functional disorder of the Stomach, Bowels, Liver and Spleen, such as heartburn, acid eructations, nausea, headache, pain and distension of the Stomach and Bowels, incipient Diarrhoea, colic, Jaundice, Flatulency, habitual costiveness, loss of appetite, sickhead ache, sea-sickness, &c. &c. They are a safe and efficacious aperient for females during pregnancy and subsequent confinement, relieving sickness at the stomach, headaches, heartburn and many of the incidental nervous affections. Literary men, students, and most other persons of sedentary habits, find they are convenient. Those who indulge too freely in the pleasures of the Table, find speedy relief from the sense of oppression and distension which follow, by taking the Pills. As Dinner Pills they are invaluable. Those who are drinking mineral waters, and particularly those from southern climates, and ague and fever districts, will find them a valuable adjunct. Those who are exposed to the vicissitudes of weather on voyages or journeys, can take them at all times with perfect safety. As Full doses they are a highly efficacious and Anti-bilious Medicine. They seldom or never produce sickness at the stomach or griping.

### TESTIMONIALS.

From the mass of evidence published in favour of these pills, a few certificates are selected (as many as the limits of an advertisement will conveniently admit of) to show the character of the Pills as well as of the Proprietor, which last is deemed of some importance to establish confidence, at a time when the public are imposed on by so many ignorant and unprincipled empirics.

Duplin County, N. C. March 7, 1834.

To Dr. John Beckwith:

Dear Sir—I have with your permission used your Anti-dyspeptic Pills in my Practice ten years, and have thoroughly tested them in my own person; for you know I was much of a Dyspeptic and you will add, something of a hypochondriac, and have found them an invaluable remedy. My sick-headache is uniformly relieved by them. I feel the public should be made acquainted with their value and receive the benefits of a medicine calculated to do so much good, and to save them from the too common and unadvised use of mercurial preparations. Truly yours,

ELIJAH CROSBY, M. D.

The following Testimonial of the claim of these Pills to public patronage, has been selected from many of similar import, recently furnished.

From the Rt. Rev. Levi S. Ives D. D., Bishop of North Carolina.

Raleigh, March 2 1835

Having for the last three years, been intimately acquainted with Dr. John Beckwith of this city, and enjoyed his professional services I take pleasure in stating that his character as a Christian gentleman, and experienced Physician, entitles his testimony, in regard to the use of his Anti-dyspeptic Pills, to the entire confidence of that public. My experience of the good effects of these Pills, for two years past, satisfies me of their eminent value, particularly in aiding impaired digestion, and warding off bilious attacks. Having been for some time subject to the annual recurrence of such attacks, I was in the habit of resorting for security against them, and with very partial success, to a liberal use of Calomel or Blue Pill. But since my acquaintance with the Anti-dyspeptic Pill of Dr. Beckwith, I have not been under the necessity of using Mercury in any form, besides being wholly exempt from bilious attacks. Several members of my family are experiencing the same beneficial effects.

L. S. IVES.

THE above PILLS are for sale in Newport, by R. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

Newport, Dec. 18.

### HEALTH AND STRENGTH

### S. O. RICHARDSON'S

### Sherry Wine Bitters,

ARE the only safe remedy for Dyspepsia and Jaundice that has ever been discovered—and their general use for 33 years, with recommendations from the most eminent of the Medical Faculty, and editorial notices from the Boston Morning Post, Daily Mail, Plymouth Memorial, Barnstable Patriot, Essex Banner, Lowell Patriot, Bunker Hill Aurora, Portsmouth Gazette, Dover Gazette, Northern Star, Lincoln Telegraph, N. Y. Evening Signal, &c. must assure the afflicted that they possess a wonderful merit.

They give Life, elasticity and vigor, to the viscera, promote the peristaltic action, cleanse the stomach and bowels from unhealthy accumulations, and purify and enliven the blood in the most thorough and effectual manner. They are the most certain remedy for all those prevalent diseases called Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Liver Complaints, Heartburn, Dizziness, Headache, Wandering or settled pains, Sinking faintness, Sour stomach, loss of appetite, Weakness of the limbs, Nervous debility, Costiveness, piles, and all diseases caused by an unhealthy state of the stomach & bowels. They are the unrivalled and efficacious compound of a REGULAR PHYSICIAN, and graduate of the New-Hampshire Medical College, who has made the study of Medicine his profession.

Being composed entirely of vegetables, they are of such a nature that they may be taken, for any length of time by invalids of any age, without injuring the system or exposing it to take cold.

Orders from Agents, merchants, traders, apothecaries and dealers in medicines, will be punctually attended to, and sent to any part of the country, safely packed in boxes.

A liberal discount will be allowed on the sale. For sale, wholesale and retail, at the Doctor's Office, 15 Hanover-street Boston, and in most Towns in the New-England States.

PRICE 75 CENTS per Bottle—50 Cents per paper.

For sale in Newport, by R. J. Taylor, John Easton, S. Sterne, G. Knowler, jun. and J. J. Allan—and by J. Headley, in Portsmouth.

Newport, May 1.

### ALBANY ALE.—Pale

and Amber Ale, of superior quality, in barrels and half barrels, just received and for sale by

Jan. 22. T. STACY JR.

### PERFUMERY.

A Great variety just received and for sale at the Variety Store of

Jan. 20. T. STACY, JR.

## Medicines.

### A Safe and Certain Cure

### for SALT RHEUM.

In consequence of the increased demand for Trufant's Compound for cure of Salt Rheum, &c. it is evident that base attempts have been made, and are now making, to imitate the article, and enfringe upon his right. He obtained Letters Patent three years since, both for the preparation and name; and all persons are hereby cautioned against infringing upon his right, guaranteed by said Patent, under the severest penalties of the law. Remember the penalty lies against the seller as well as the maker of the article. Never buy it unless it has the written, mind-written signature of the inventor. The content is in tin boxes with the letters "W. B. TRUFANT Patent, Bath, Me." stamped on the cover, all others must be false.—That the above medicine is worthy of confidence, is evident from the fact (notwithstanding its opposition) more than

### TWELVE THOUSAND

packages have been sold within a short time, giving very general satisfaction where faithfully applied. In fact the continual and almost daily instances of its success which have occurred in this and other States, justifies the proprietor in submitting it with increased confidence to the public generally. This remedy is recommended, in addition to Salt Rheum, as good for Ring Worm—Scald Head—Shingles—Leprosy—Piles—Itch—Pimples—and especially so for the Jackson or Barber's itch. As man is heir to humors of a thousand names the ointment itself is frequently used with entire success. Price 50 cts. The internal application is composed of 12 different ingredients, entirely vegetable, and is esteemed highly as a safe and wholesome drink, for persons generally; particularly in the spring season. Price 50 cts. Numerous certificates from distinguished physicians, clergymen and other professional men, from this and other States are in possession of the proprietor, which might be subjoined if necessary. A word to the wise is sufficient.

The undersigned inhabitants of Bath certify that we have used the medicine prepared by William B. Trufant as a remedy for Salt Rheum, and have found it the best we have ever known; and having no doubt that it is a valuable discovery take the liberty to recommend it to all who are afflicted with that inveterate malady.

Daniel Marshall, Nathl Swamy,  
Thomas Donnel, William Gardner,  
Ewell Robinson, Jesse Russell,  
A. L. Stimpson, A. W. Turner,  
James Hamilton, Aaron Donnell,  
Henry C. Donnell, Martin Anderson,  
Thos. P. I. Webb, Elisha Higgins,  
Luke Lumbard, H. B. Webb, Jr.

Prepared and sold by the subscriber at his store in Water st. Bath, Maine.

Price—One dollar, with full directions.

All letters from abroad must be Post paid.

W. B. TRUFANT.

For sale in Newport by my agent, C. N. TULEY, No 142, Thames street.

Oct 23.

### Sea-Baths on the Long-Wharf,

EVERY Day, [Sundays excepted.]

Warm, Cold, and Shower Baths.

Also, Medicated Vapor or Steam Bath.

These Baths not only impart agreeable sensations to the mind, but keep the skin diaphanous and clear, and the body healthy, removing the dead particles of the cuticula, causing the blood to circulate freely, lighting up a fresh and healthy glow, in the most salubrious countenance.

June 25] E. TREVETT.

### JUST LANDED.

200 CASKS fresh "Birds-eye"

LIME, every Cask of which

will be warranted to be well filled

and to contain the best quality of Lime.

For sale by PECKHAM, BULL & CO.

Newport, May 7.

### FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TWO Second Hand Piano Forts, at

the Confectionary store of

June 11.] T. STACY JR.

### Fence Lumber.

A FIRST rate assortment of every

description, for sale by

PECKHAM, BULL & CO.

Feb. 26.—tl.

### BIRD SEED.—A fresh lot of every

kind just received and for sale at

the Confectionary and variety Store of

T. STACY JR.

Also for sale, Bird Cages, Glasses, and

Bird Books. [Jan 22]

### PARIS Chene Gingham, a new and

beautiful article, for sale at No. 132

RHODE ISLAND COAL.

OF as good quality as any that has ev-

er been brought into this place.—

For sale low by

PECKHAM, BULL & CO.

April 30.—tl.

### Ice Creams & Water Ices,

OF the first quality, and warranted

equal to any made in this or other

great cities and at as reasonable prices.

The subscriber respectfully gives

notice, that notwithstanding the great

scarcity of Ice, he is fully prepared to

furnish those in want of Ice Creams and

Water Ices in any quantity, at all times,

and on the most reasonable terms.

June 11. T. STACY JR.

### 150 CASKS fresh Eastern

Lime, for sale by

PECKHAM, BULL & CO.

Feb. 26.—tl.

## Medicines.

### MOFFAT'S

### LIFE PILLS,

### And PHENIX BITTERS.

### THE LIFE MEDICINES

recommend themselves in diseases of every form and description. Their first operation is to loosen from the coats of the stomach and bowels, the various impurities and crues, tics constantly settling around them, and to remove the hardened feces which collect in the convolutions of the small intestines. Other medicines only partially cleanse these and leave such collected masses behind as to produce habitual costiveness, with all its train of evils, or sudden diarrhoea with its imminent dangers. This fact is well known to all regular anatomists, who examine the human bowels after death; and hence the prejudices of those well informed men against quack medicines, or medicines prepared and heralded to the public by ignorant persons. The second effect of the